# **Runtime Repair of Software Faults using Event-Driven Monitoring**

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#### Introduction

Video games have **emergent behaviors** due to **complex subsystems** (physics, AI, graphics)

The complexity of possible states makes games almost untestable

We specify **invariants** about the game using a **rule engine** to stop the game staying in an **undesirable state** 

This makes it easier to verify a game design is correct

#### What are Rule Engines?

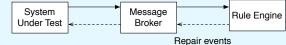
Rule engines are optimized to match facts against conditions

We insert facts about the game events into the rule engine

Designers can specify conditions that indicate game design bugs

Fixes can be applied to the game state





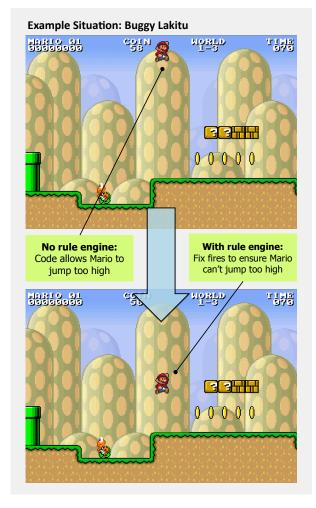
### Why Rule Engines?

Code is declarative and readable by non-programmers

Conditions are optimized

Works with cross-cutting concerns

Complex Event Processing allows simple expression of conditions over time



## Example Rule: Mario can only jump 5 blocks high

**Read as:** "When Mario is set to jump higher than 5 blocks, disable his jump flag and accelerate him towards the ground in an arc."

## Example Rule: Mario can only jump for 3 seconds

```
rule "marioJumpTooLong"
when
    $jump: Jump($mario : mario)
    not(Landing(this after[0s,2s] $jump))
then
    print("Mario jumped too long");
    send(new MarioMovement(false, null, null);
end
```

**Read as:** "When there is a jump fact, but no landing fact within 2 seconds after Mario jumps, turn off his jump flag and let the game design choose his downward acceleration."

#### **Broader Relevance**

Super Mario World is the simplest non-trivial case, the technique can **scale** to **current commercial games** 

Shows rule engines can be used as an enforced specification language

Capable of detecting problems with any software of complex state

**Event monitoring** could be used to collect important event sequences and **automatically create rules** that define the general/non-buggy case